

# Social Support, Social Participation, & Depression among Caregivers & Non-Caregivers in Canada Jovana Sibalija, MSc, Marie Y. Savundranayagam, PhD, JB Orange, PhD, Marita Kloseck, PhD Health & Rehabilitation Sciences, Western University, Canada

### **THEORETICAL AIMS & BACKGROUND**

- Research Aim: To use population-level data from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA) to investigate the relationships among social support, social participation, and depression in caregivers and non-caregivers.
- Caregiving and the Stress Process (Pearlin et al., 1990).
- The Activity Restriction Model of Depressed Affect (Williamson & Schaffer, 2000).

### METHOD

- Participants: 6,674 Canadians
- Data analyzed from the CLSA Wave 1 (Tracking) Telephone Interview Questionnaire
- Path analysis & analysis of variance (ANOVA)

### **Description of Sample**

Variable	Non-Caregiver		Caregiver	
	M	SD	M	SD
Age	57.06	8.74	57.13	8.62
Perceived Health*	2.69	1.00	2.79	0.91
Perceived Mental Health	2.97	0.92	3.00	0.88
Affectionate Support*	10.47	2.39	10.78	1.96
Emotional/ Informational Support*	26.48	6.08	26.90	5.55
Positive Social Interaction*	13.20	3.14	13.43	2.84
Tangible Support	13.21	3.39	13.34	3.04
Social Participation*	2.92	0.65	3.00	0.61
Depression	5.36	4.82	5.28	4.60

Note: Asterisk denotes significant differences between the groups. \*p<0.01 Address Correspondence to: Jovana Sibalija, Health & Rehabilitation Sciences, Faculty of Health Sciences; jsibalij@uwo.ca

# WHAT WE LEARNED:

## FINDINGS

**Caregiver Status** 

<sup>1</sup>Medical Outcomes Study Social Support Survey,  $\alpha = 0.95$ ,

• Affectionate support and social participation were significant mediators of the relationship between caregiver status and depression.

• Caregivers reported higher levels of social support and social participation versus non-caregivers. • Implications: Health and social services should focus on providing caregivers with resources to foster positive social relationships and enhance social participation. Caregiver support strategies must consider the importance of social factors when addressing caregiver mental health.

