

Towards the implementation of CIHR Institute of Aging's Action Plan 2014-15

Mining a unique Canadian resource: The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging



CAG Niagara Falls, ON October 17, 2014





- Landscapes of Aging: Snapshots from the CLSA Susan Kirkland, PhD, Dalhousie University
- Developing a Social Isolation Program of Research Using the CLSA Andrew Wister, PhD, Simon Fraser University
- Exploring health and function using the CLSA Verena Menec, PhD, University of Manitoba
- Work, Aging, Retirement and Health in the CLSA Lauren Griffith, PhD, McMaster University





Landscapes of Aging: Snapshots from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging

Susan Kirkland, PhD, Dalhousie University

Parminder Raina, PhD, McMaster University Christina Wolfson, PhD, McGill University



CAG Niagara Falls, ON October 17, 2014

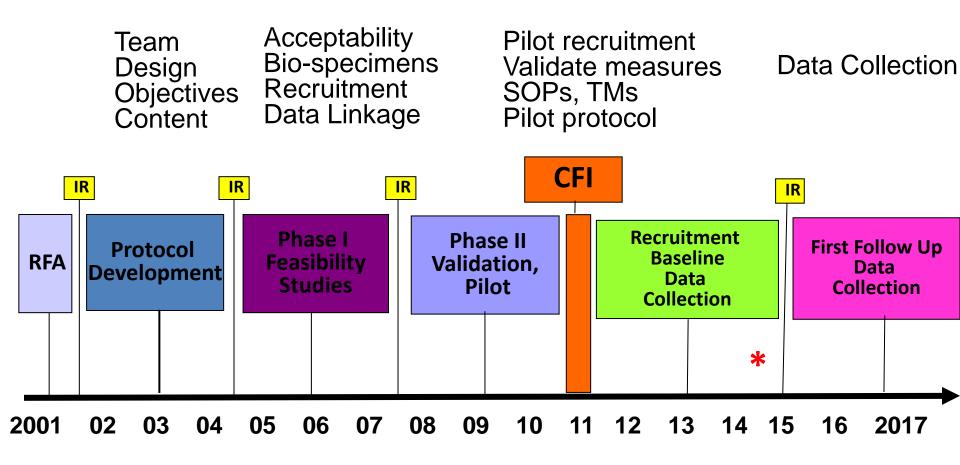


The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA)

- Strategic initiative of CIHR; on Canadian research agenda since 2001
- Team of 3 principal investigators, more than 160 coinvestigators from 26 institutions
- Multidisciplinary biology, genetics, medicine, psychology, sociology, demography, nursing, economics, epidemiology, nutrition, health services
- Largest study of its kind to date in Canada for breadth and depth: following 50,000 Canadians for 20 years

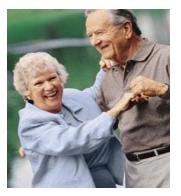


CLSA Timeline and Milestones





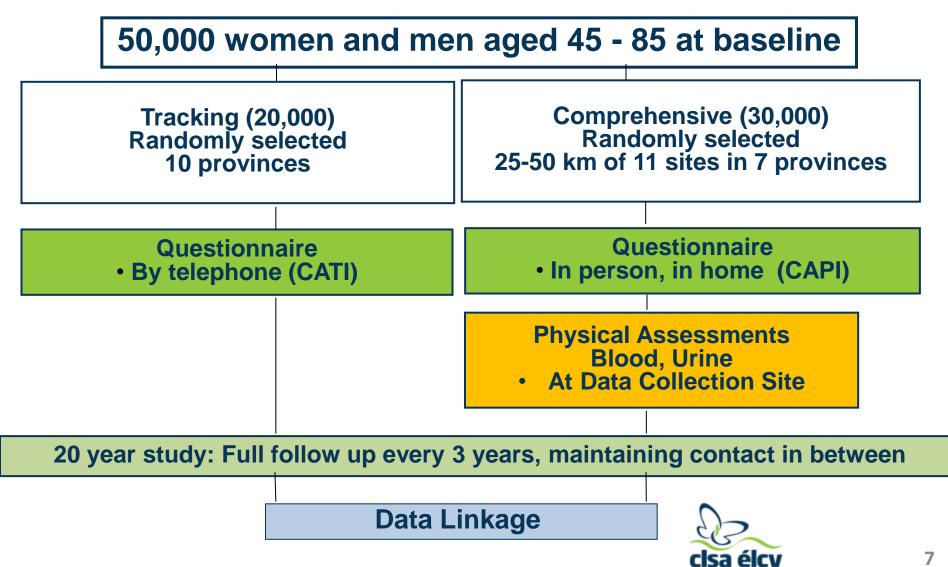
Overall Aims of the CLSA



- To examine aging as a dynamic process
- To investigate the inter-relationship among intrinsic and extrinsic factors from mid life to older age
- To capture the transitions, trajectories and profiles of aging
- To provide infrastructure and build capacity for stateof-the-art, interdisciplinary, population based research and evidenced-based decision making



Design Overview



Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging Étude longitudinale canadienne sur le vieillissement

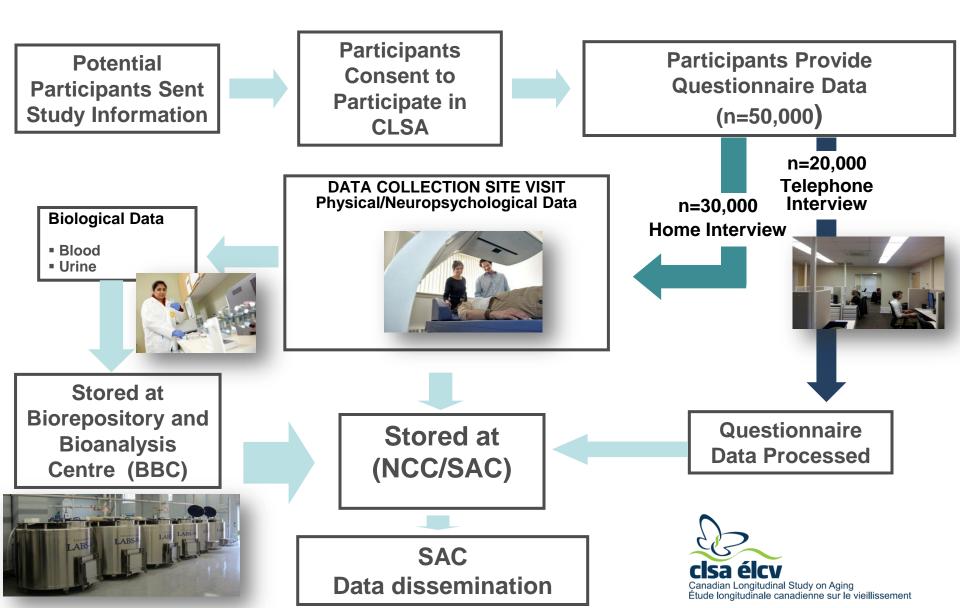


Representative Sample Frame for Recruitment

- Partnered with Statistics Canada
 - CCHS 4.2 Healthy Aging Survey
 - 2006 Census as an area frame to select households
 - Agreed to share contact information
- Partnered with provincial Ministries of Health
 - Health Card Registration databases
 - Mailouts, return Consent to Contact form
- Supplemented with Random Digit Dialing
 - Pre-recruitment



Standardized, Centralized Process



Depth and Breadth of CLSA Questionnaire modules

- DEMOGRAPHIC
- Education
- Marital status
- Ethnicity
- HEALTH BEHAVIOURS
- Smoking, alcohol
- Nutritional risk
- Food frequency
- Physical activity
- Health care utilization
- Medication use
- Supplement use
- HEALTH STATUS
- General health
- Women's health
- Chronic conditions, symptoms

- Oral health
- PHYSICAL
- Injuries, falls
- Mobility

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- Pain, discomfort
- Functional status
- ADL, IADL
- PSYCHOLOGICAL
- Cognition—Executive function, memory, psychomotor speed
- Depression
- Mood
- Psychological distress
- Veteran identifier
- Satisfaction with life
- PTSD
- SOCIAL

- Social networks
- Social support
- Social participation
- Online communication
- Social inequality
- Care receiving
- Care giving
- Retirement status
- Labour force participation
- Retirement planning
- Transportation
- Mobility, Migration
- Built environments
- Home ownership





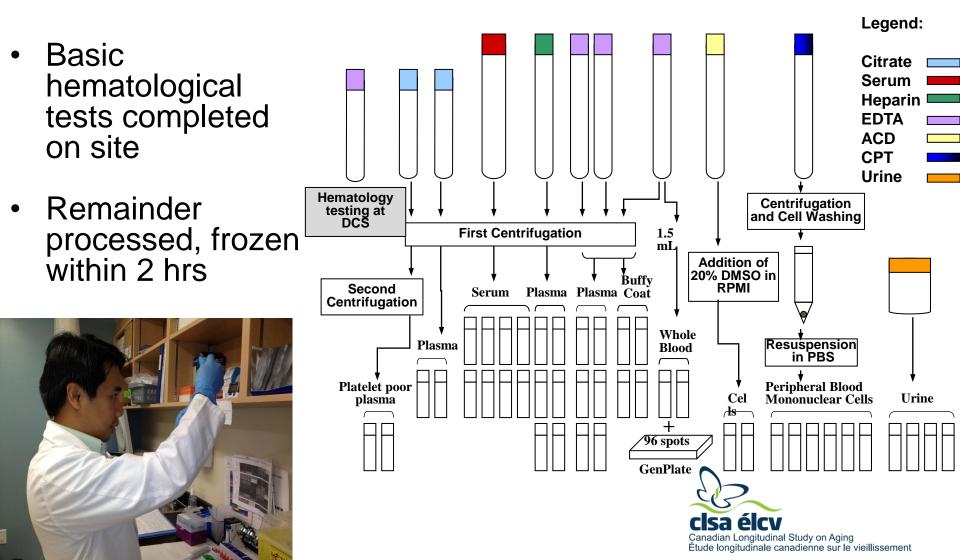
Depth and Breadth of CLSA Physical Assessment Modules

- Height, weight, BMI
- Blood pressure
- Spirometry FEV
- Carotid ultrasound CIMT, plaque sweep
- ECG
- DEXA BMD, body composition, aortic calcification
- Hearing
- Visual acuity
- Grip strength

- Fundus photograph blood flow
- Tonometer pressure
- Neuropsych battery memory, executive function, reaction time
- Timed up and go
- Balance
- 4 metre walk
- Chair rise
- Blood
- Urine



Bio specimen processing 42 aliquots per participant



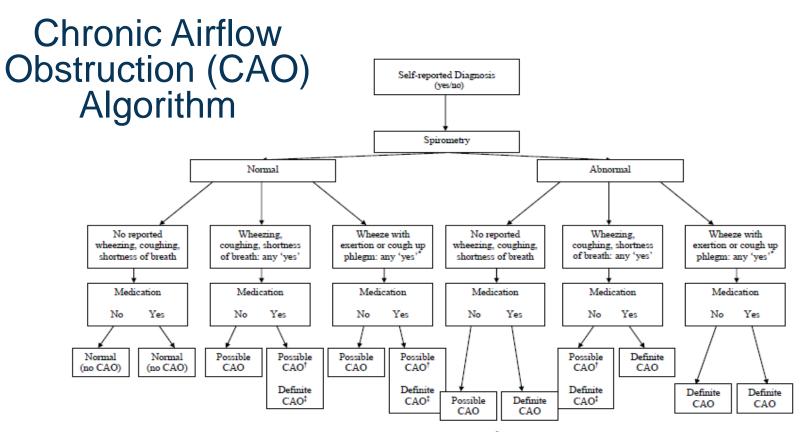
Biorepository and Bioanalysis Centre (BBC)



- 31 nitrogen freezers (-180°C)
 - Space for 5 million aliquots
- Personal Archive
 - Dry storage, humidity controlled, room temperature
- Laboratory Information System (LabWare)
 - Sample tracking system, QC
- High-throughput robotic platform for biomarker analysis



Disease outcomes via algorithms



eFigure 1c: Chronic Airflow Obstruction Algorithm. CAO = chronic airflow obstruction. If participant coughs without phlegm, then outcome will be possible CAO. [†]Outcome when self-reported diagnosis = no. [‡]Outcome when self-reported diagnosis = yes.



Linking CLSA Data with Administrative Databases

- Linkage is key to CLSA research strategy
 - Enormous potential for collection of information that is difficult to get from participants due to time, accuracy limitations; unknown to participants

Types of databases

- Individual level administrative provincial health databases (priority)
- Disease registries
- Population level databases of community characteristics, climate, pollution
- Individual level economic characteristics

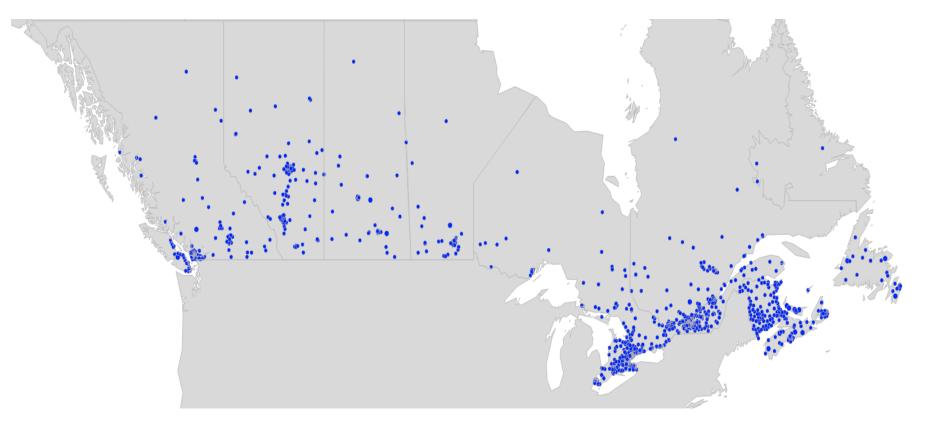


Recruitment and Baseline Data Collection Progress and Milestones

- On schedule to meet recruitment and baseline data collection goals by Spring 2015
 - Tracking: Completed! N=21,241
 - Comprehensive: Over 20,000 completed underway
- Inter-wave contact (MCQ) with >96% retention so far
 - 10,000 completed to date
- 90% signed consent for linkage to health records so far
- 94% signed consent to provide blood and urine so far



Tracking cohort participants





Sampling Weights

- Data weighted to represent the Canadian (and provincial) population between 45-85 years old
- A survey weight corresponds to the number of persons in the entire population that an individual respondent represents
- Weighting is necessary because the probability of selecting individuals from certain sub-groups of the population varied



	Count	Percent	Weighted Percent
Age			
45-54	5826	27.5	38.2
55-64	6554	30.9	31.2
65-74	4525	21.8	18.8
75-85	4203	19.8	11.8
Sex			
Male	10387	49.0	48.3
Female	10821	51.0	51.7
Language			
English	17457	82.3	75.9
French	3751	17.7	24.1
Born in Canada	18486	87.2	Cisa él&4.5 Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging Étude longitudinale canadienne sur le vieillissement

Province	Count	Percent	Weighted Percent
British Columbia	2619	12.4	13.8
Alberta	2110	10.0	9.3
Saskatchewan	1388	6.5	2.9
Manitoba	1472	6.9	3.3
Ontario	4722	22.3	38.3
Quebec	3603	17.0	24.7
New Brunswick	1350	6.4	2.4
Nova Scotia	1564	7.4	3.1
Prince Edward Island	1132	5.3	0.5
Newfoundland, Lab	1248	5.9	CISA ÉICV 1.7 Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging Étude longitudinale canadienne sur le vieillissement

Chronic Condition	Count	Percent	Weighted Percent
Arthritis	8194	38.9	35.1
Asthma	2344	11.1	11.7
COPD	1433	6.8	5.8
Hypertension	8090	38.2	33.4
Diabetes	3542	16.7	15.1
Heart disease	2189	10.3	9.0
Angina	1149	5.4	4.3
Heart attack	1299	6.2	4.9
Stroke	388	1.8	1.5
Dementia/AD	43	0.2	0.2
Parkinson's, Parkinsonism	78	0.4	0.3
Cancer	3262	15.4	13.2
Osteoporosis	2008	9.5 Canadia Étude lo	a Éicv an Longitudinal Study o

	Count	Percent	Weighted Percent	CCHS Weighted Percent
Marital status				
Single/Never married	1694	8.0	8.4	7.0
Married/Common Law	14586	68.8	73.0	73.8
Widowed	2355	11.1	7.3	8.4
Divorced	1988	9.4	8.5	2.7
Separated	579	2.7	2.7	8.2
Education				
Less than Secondary	1978	9.3	7.0	20.4
Secondary School	2875	13.6	12.8	19.1
Some Post-Secondary	1622	7.7	7.6	5.2
Post Secondary Degree/ Dipl	14650	69.1	72.2	55.3
Annual Household Income				
Less than \$20,000	1341	6.8	5.5	9.0
\$20,000 - \$50,000	5841	29,4	23.9	29.1
\$50,000 - \$100,000	7212	36.3	35.9	36.2
\$100,000 - \$150,000	3212	16.2	19.4	16.2
Greater than \$150,000	2237	11.3	15 canadian Lon Étude longitud	gitudinal Study on Aging

	Count	Percent	Weighted Percent	CCHS Weighted Percent
Self Rated General Health				
Excellent	3972	18.8	20.8	20.5
Very Good	8115	38.3	38.3	33.8
Good	6249	29.5	28.7	30.4
Fair	227	10.5	9.6	11.5
Poor	624	2.9	2.7	3.9
Self reported Weight Status				
Overweight	11188	53.0	52.1	60.5
Underweight	432	2.0	1.9	1.3
Just about right	9492	45.0	46.0	38.2
Satisfaction with Life				
Dissatisfied	2068	9.8	9.8	9.3
Neutral	850	4.0	4.5	2.7
Satisfied	18264	86.2	Cisa éio 8 andian Longitu Étude longitudina	dinal Study on A &8.0 le canadienne sur le vieillissement

First Follow Up (2015-2018)

• 1st follow up Tracking (June 2015 to May 2018)

Re-contacting 21,242 participants for their follow up telephone interviews

- 1st follow up Comprehensive (June 2015-May 2018)
 > Re-contacting 30,000 participants for their follow up inhome interviews and DCS visits
- 2nd MCQ (December 2016-November 2019)

Re-contacting ~50,000 participants for maintaining contact telephone interviews



First Follow Up (2015-2018) Additions to study content

- Child maltreatment
- Elder Abuse
- Epilepsy
- Hearing
- Arterial stiffness
- Decedent information
- Workability
- Subjective cognitive decline
- Transportation
- Health care use
- Preventive health behaviours



Biomarker and epigenetic analyses

- Complete Blood Count (available)
- Proposed panel of biomarkers: albumin, ALT, creatinine, CRP, ferritin, hemoglobin A1C, lipids (cholesterol, HDL, Triglycerides, LDL), thyroid stimulating hormone, free T4, 25-hydroxyvitamin D
 N~30,000 (Calgary Laboratory Services)
- Proposed genotyping: Affymetrix UKBiorepository array assay 820,967 SNPs

> n=10,000 (McGill Genome Centre)

 Proposed epigenetic analysis: targeted age-associated CpG methylation using pyrosequencing and Sequenom EpiTyper
 n=5,000 (UBC Genetics and Epigenetics Centre)



Data and Sample Access

- Data and samples available to the research community
- Guiding principles
 - Rights and privacy of participants must be protected
 - Confidentiality and security of data must be safeguarded
 - Data and samples made available in timely manner
 - Data and samples can only be used for research purposes
 - Return of derived variables
 - No exclusive access
 - Cost neutral



Data Currently Available

21,242 Telephone Interviews (Tracking):

- 1st release available now
- 2nd release planned for late 2014/early 2015 to include cognitive scores, occupational classes

30,000 Data Collection Site Visits (Comprehensive)

- 1st release planned 10 months after completion of recruitment and baseline assessments
- ~Mid 2016



How to apply for data

- Via CLSA website: www.clsa-elcv-ca
- CLSA Data and/or Biospecimen Request Application
- Reviewed by CLSA Data and Sample Access Committee
- 6-8 week turnaround
- Institutional data/biospecimen transfer agreements



DataPreview Portal

- DataPreview Portal launched May 2014
- Gateway to access for alphanumeric data and biospecimens
 - > Meta data: data dictionaries, data collection tools
 - Documentation and application form
 - Variable search mechanism providing simple descriptive statistics for selected variables



DataPreview Portal www.clsa-elcv.ca

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CLSA Overview - Da	atasets Access -	FAQs	Contact Us	CLSA Main Page	Sign	in 🄶

CLSA DataPreview Portal



Welcome to the DataPreview Portal for the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA)! The CLSA data and biological samples are available to approved Canadian and international public sector researchers, with no preferential or exclusive access for any individual. As you navigate the site you will find information about the application process and requirements for data and sample access. If you are new to using the portal we recommend you begin by reading the Frequently Asked Questions.



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DataPreview Portal

sets CLSA DataPreview +	LSA DataPreview +			
ps://datapreview. clsa-elcv.ca /content/datasets	v C S - Google P	ê 4		=
CLSA Overview • Datasets Access • FAQs Contact L	Is CLSA Main Page Sign	n in		_
Home				
Datasets				
A Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA) dataset holds and describes variables collected from participants at each wave of data collection. The	∂ > Variables (June 2014)			
variable search tool enables researchers to locate items of interest within all available data collected from CLSA participants.	Variables currently available in the first wave of the data release, with filtering and search options.	I		
Currently, data emanating from the over 20,000 Tracking participants who completed the baseline 60-minute telephone interviews are available. Cognitive	ि Variables (December 2014)			E
scoring is ongoing and these data will be available as part of the second CLSA data release in December 2014.	Variables that will be available in the second CLSA data release in December 2014.			
Datasets from future data collection events will be added when they are available.	∂ ⊃ Sampling weights			
	Description of sampling weights used in the CLSA.			
	{}_> Questionnaire			

Baseline 60-minute Telephone Interview questionnaire (Tracking).

∂ Study design

Study design of the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (Tracking participants).



DataPreview Portal

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CLSA Overview - 🔹 Datas	ets Access FAQs (Contact Us CLSA Main Page	Sign in
Current search Search found 1000 variables	Home / Datasets		
▼ DATASET	Variables		
Tracking - Baseline Interview (1000)	variables		
DISEASES HISTORY AND RELATED HEALTH PROBLEMS	Help: To obtain all the variable	es contained in a CLSA questionnaire module, type	the two- or three- letter module prefix
Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes (102) Neoplasms (42) Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified (14)		phic variables) into the full-text search box.	
Symptoms and signs involving cognition, perception, emotional state and behaviour (14)	Name	Label	Dataset
Diseases of the circulatory system (10) Show more	startdate	Date and time at start of interview	Tracking - Baseline Interview
MEDICAL HEALTH INTERVENTIONS/HEALTH SERVICES UTILIZATION	startlanguage	Language at start of interview	Tracking - Baseline Interview
Physical/Physiological therapeutic interventions	AGE_NMBR_TRM	Age (years)	Tracking - Baseline Interview
(3) • MEDICATION	SEX_ASK_TRM	Sex	Tracking - Baseline Interview
Medication Intake (7)	SDC_COB_TRM	Country of birth	Tracking - Baseline Interview
 Genito urinary system and sex hormones (7) 	SDC_COB_OTSP_TRM	Country of birth other, Specify	Tracking - Baseline Interview
▼ REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND HISTORY	SDC_YACA_YR_TRM	Year arrival in Canada	Tracking - Baseline Interview
Menopause (2) Number of children (1)	SDC_ETHN_CA_TRM	Parental ethnic background Canadian	Tracking - Baseline Interview
Pregnancy (1) LIFE HABIT S/BEHAVIOURS	SDC_ETHN_FR_TRM	Parental ethnic background French	Tracking - Baseline Interview



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Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging Étude longitudinale canadienne sur le vieillissement

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Our Mission

Transforming everyday life into



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CLSA Team

Study on Aging



Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging Étude longitudinale canadienne sur le vieillissement

CLSA Funders and Partners





Transforming Everyday Life into Extraordinary Ideas







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