

The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging A national platform and infrastructure for researchers and trainees.

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Co-PIs: Parminder Raina, PhD, McMaster University and Susan Kirkland, PhD, Dalhousie University

and the CLSA Research Team across Canada

Summer Program in Aging
May 16th, 2017 -Concordia University

Learning Objectives

- To understand the CLSA study design and become familiar with the CLSA data access process
- 2. To be inspired to use the CLSA research platform



Overview



- Background
- Study Design and Infrastructure
- Study Content and Data Collection
- Current Status
- Sample demographics
- Data Access







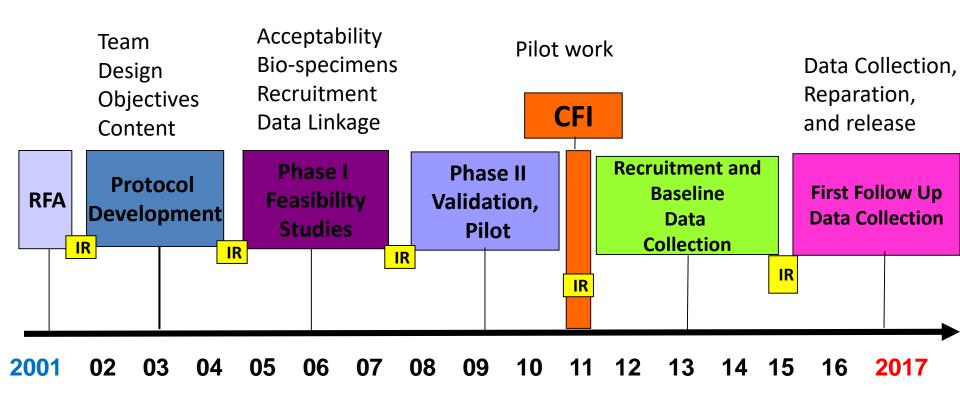
The CLSA

- Strategic initiative of CIHR Institute of Aging; on the Canadian research agenda since 2001; nearly 10 years in the planning stages
- 3 co-principal investigators (epidemiologists) supported by more than 160 co-investigators from 26 institutions
- Multidisciplinary biology, genetics, medicine, psychology, sociology, demography, nursing, economics, epidemiology, nutrition, health services
- Largest study of its kind to date in Canada for breadth and depth: following 50,000 participants for ≥20 years

Aim and Vision

- AIM: To examine life/health transitions and capture trajectories to enable the identification of modifiable factors with the potential to inform interventions (prevention/treatment/impact) to improve the health of populations as they age
- VISION: To create a research platform infrastructure to enable state-of-the-art, interdisciplinary population-based research and evidenced-based decision-making that will lead to better health and quality of life for Canadians as they age.

The Journey so far...







Funding History

2002 to 2015

Development: 2002-2009

CIHR, FRSQ, Universities

Infrastructure: 2009-2014

- CFI infrastructure/equipment
 - CFI + Provinces + Universities and other partners

Operations: 2009-2015

- CIHR 2009-2015
 - 86% of budget

Data/biospecimen analysis:

No Funding

2015-2020

First Follow-up

Operations

- CIHR 86% of budget
 - For Follow up 1 and 2/3
 of Follow up 2 and
 maintaining the
 platform
- Analysis
 - CIHR Analysis of baseline biospecimens for selected biomarkers

*International Scientific Peer Review at every step

Key co-investigators

British Columbia: Debra Sheets, Lynne Young, Holly Tuokko, Teresa Liu-Ambrose, Michael Kobor, Andrew Wister, Scott Lear

Alberta: David Hogan, Marc Poulin, Eric Smith, Alex Chin

Manitoba: Verena Menec, Phil St. John

Ontario: Parminder Raina, Cynthia Balion, Lauren Griffith, Andrew Costa, Harry Shannon, Christopher Patterson, Michael Veall, Vanessa Taler, Andrew Paterson, Mark Oremus, Mary Thompson, Changbao Wu

Quebec: Christina Wolfson, Ron Postuma, Brent Richards, Mark Lathrop, Hélène Payette, Benoît Cossette

Nova Scotia: Susan Kirkland

Newfoundland: Gerry Mugford

The Netherlands: Edwin van den Heuvel



International Scientific Advisory Board

- Carole Brayne (Chair)
 - Director, Cambridge Institute of Public Health, Cambridge, UK
- David Weir
 - Director, Health and Retirement Study (HRS), Survey Research Center, University of Michigan, US
- John Gallacher
 - Director, MRC Dementia Platforms UK, Oxford University, UK

Governance and Advice



CIHR

- Oversight of Initiatives and Platforms
- Ethical, Legal, Social Issues Advisory Committee

CLSA

- Scientific Management Team
- Operations Committee
- International Scientific Advisory Board
- Advisory Council
- Knowledge Translation & Communications
 Committee
- Training and Research CapacityCommittee
- Data and Biospecimen Access Committee



Study Design and Infrastructure



Overview

50,000 women and men aged 45 - 85 at baseline

Target: 20,000 Randomly selected

within provinces

Target: 30,000 Randomly selected

within 25-50 km of 11 sites

Telephone Questionnaire (CATI)

In person/in home Questionnaire (CAPI)

Physical assessments, blood, urine

@ Data Collection Site

Full follow up every 3 years.....20 years

Maintaining Contact strategies between waves of data collection

Data Linkage

National in Scope



Defining the cohort

- Men and women living in any of 10 provinces in Canada aged 45-85 at recruitment
 - Capturing baby boomers (born between 1946-1964) plus members of the "silent" generation (i.e. those born before 1945)

Recruiting the Cohort

1. Partnership with Statistics Canada

- Canadian Community Health Survey 4.2 Healthy Aging (2008-09) CCHS 4.2
 - CCHS participant agreement to share contact information with the CLSA – a first for Statistics Canada

2. Partnership with provincial Ministries of Health (MOH)

- Health Card Registration databases
- Mailouts, return Consent-to-Contact form, CLSA follow up

3. Random Digit Dialing

Leger Marketing and CLSA CATI



Cohort Exclusion Criteria at Baseline

Driven by CCHS 4.2 exclusion criteria 1. to 5.

- Residents of the 3 territories
 - Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon
- 2. Living in an institution
- 3. Living on a First Nation Reserve
- 4. Full time members of the armed forces
- 5. Temporary visa holders

CLSA Added Criteria

- Cognitively impaired (at baseline)
- Unable to communicate in French or English

Terminology

- Tracking Cohort
 - Target 20,000 participants from all 10 provinces, followed through Computer Assisted Telephone Interviews (60 minutes at baseline)
 - 21,241 recruited*
- Comprehensive Cohort
 - Target 30,000 participants living within 25 km (or 50 km) of a CLSA Data Collection Site (DCS)
 - Followed through in-home interviews (60 minute) and physical assessments (2-3 hours) at a DCS
 - 30,097 recruited*

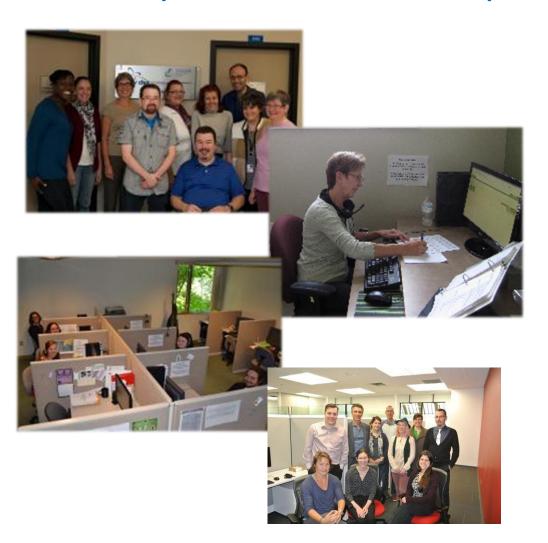
What does recruited mean?

Recruiting and Data Collection

Infrastructure



4 Computer Assisted Telephone Interview Sites













Four Enabling (Support) Units







National Coordinating
Centre (NCC)
Director: Parminder Raina



Biorepository and Bioanalysis Centre (BBC) Director: Cynthia Balion





Genetics and Epigenetics Centre (GEC)
Directors: Michael Kobor and Michael Hayden

Statistical Analysis Centre (SAC)
Director: Christina Wolfson

Biorepository and Bioanalysis Centre (BBC)





- Central location for storage and analysis of the biological samples
 - 31 nitrogen freezers (-190°C)
 - Storage for 5 million aliquots
 - Dry storage, humidity controlled, room temperature
- Research laboratory dedicated to detailed sample analysis
 - High-throughput robotic platform for biomarker analysis



11 Data Collection Sites (DCS)

3,000 per full site

- Simon Fraser U + UBC (split sites)
- U Victoria
- 3. U Calgary
- 4. U Manitoba
- U Ottawa
- McMaster U
- 7. McGill U
- 8. U de Sherbrooke
- Dalhousie U
- 10. Memorial U

Study Content and Data Collection



Questionnaire modules All 51,338 participants

Jemographic

Education

- Marital status
- Sexual orientation
- Language
- Ethnicity
- Smoking, alcohol
- Nutritional risk
- Physical activity
- Health care utilization
- Medication use
- Supplement use



Health

• General health

- Chronic conditions
- Disease symptoms
- Sleep
- Oral health
- Injuries, falls
- Mobility
- Pain, discomfort
- Functional status
- ADL, IADL
- Cognition
- Mental Health
- Depression
- PTSD
- Life Satisfaction

Social

Social

- networks
- support
- Participation
- inequality
- Online communication
- Care receiving
- Care giving
- Labour force participation
- Retirement planning
- Retirement status
- Transportation
- Mobility, Migration
- Built environments
- Home ownership





Additional Objective Assessments (30,097 of 51,338)

Basic Measures

- Height
- Weight
- Hip Circumference
- Hearing
- Vision



Function

- Timed-up-andgo
- Standing balance
- 4 metre walk
- Chair rise
- Hand grip strength
- Neuropsycholo gical testing



hysical Measures

- Blood pressure
- Spirometry
- Carotid ultrasound
- ECG
- DEXA
- Blood sample
- Urine Sample
- Tonometry
- Fundus photography

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At The Data Collection Site

Reception

Registration: Bar code
Contraindications check



Measurement Room I

Height, weight
Blood pressure
Spirometry
Carotid ultrasound
ECG



Measurement Room 2

DEXA



Hearing
Disease Symptoms Q
Neuropsych Part II



Hallway

Timed Up and Go Four metre walk Balance test



Measurement Room 3

Visual acuity
Fundus photograph
Ocular pressure
Grip strength
Neuropsych Part I



Washroom

Urine sample



Phlebotomy Room

50 ml blood draw



Check out

Selected Results Snack \$30



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First Follow Up 2015-2018

First Follow-Up: New Content Added

- *Child maltreatment
- **Elder abuse
- Epilepsy screening
- Decedent interview
- Unmet health-care needs
- Preventive health behaviours (screening, vaccination, etc)
- Enhanced hearing, oral health and transportation modules
- Gender identity questions
- Subjective cognitive decline
- Loneliness



^{*}Childhood Experiences of Violence Questionnaire. Walsh et al 2012

^{**}National Initiative for the Care of the Elderly (NICE)

Follow up considerations

- Keeping participants engaged
- Tracing participants who have moved
- Attention to changes in life circumstances that may affect ability to participate
 - Cognitive, sensory, mobility impairment
- Ensuring that changes in content permit the ongoing examination of transitions and trajectories

First Follow Up (2015-2018) – Status

- 1st follow up Tracking
 - Re-contacting 21,241 participants for follow up telephone interviews
 - ~ 9,600 completed
- 1st follow up Comprehensive
 - Re-contacting 30,097+ participants for follow up in-home interviews and DCS visits
 - As of last week ~18,200
- Losses to date:
 - Deaths 1047
 - Withdrawn 1947



Passive Data Collection Work in progress

- Linkage is an important CLSA strategy
 - Great potential for collecting information that is difficult to get from participants due to time, accuracy limitations; and/or may even be unknown to participants
 - Potential to obtain historical data prior to CLSA entry
- Types of databases
 - Individual level administrative provincial health databases
 - Vital statistics/disease registries
 - Population level databases of community characteristics, climate, pollution

Baseline Demographics

CLSA Participant Recruitment From 3 Sampling Frames

Sampling Frame	Tracking	Comprehensive	Total
CCHS 4.2 Healthy Aging	3,923	0	3,923
Provincial Ministry of Health Mailouts	3,810	4,129	7,939
Random Digit Dialing	13,508	25,968	39,476
Total	21,241	30,097	51,338

CLSA Participants by Province unweighted

Province	Tracking	Comprehensive	Total
British Columbia	2613 (12.3)	6254 (20.8)	8867 (17.3)
Alberta	2103 (9.9)	2958 (9.8)	5061 (9.9)
Saskatchewan	1382 (2.7)	0	1382 (2.7)
Manitoba	1477 (7.0)	3114 (10.4)	4591 (9.0)
Ontario	4705 (22.2)	6417 (21.3)	11122 (21.7)
Quebec	3601 (17.0)	6057 (20.1)	9658 (18.8)
New Brunswick	1355 (2.6)	0	1355 (2.6)
Nova Scotia	1546 (7.3)	3075 (10.2)	4621 (9.0)
Prince Edward Island	1138 (2.2)	0	1138 (2.2)
Newfoundland	1251 (5.9)	2219 (7.4)	3470 (6.8)

Socio-demographic Characteristics unweighted

Age	Tracking	Comprehensive	Total N=51,338
45-54	5826 (27.5)	7596 (25.2)	13422 (26.2)
55-64	6563 (31.0)	9863 (32.8)	16426 (32.0)
65-74	4634 (21.9)	7363 (24.5)	11997 (23.4)
75-85	4148 (19.6)	5272 (17.5)	9420 (18.4)
Sex			
Male	10796 (51.0)	15310 (50.9)	26106 (50.9)
Female	10375 (49.0)	14784 (49.1)	25159 (49.1)
Language			
English	17423 (82.3)	24291 (80.7)	41714 (81.4)
French	3748 (17.7)	5803 (19.3)	9551 (18.6)
Born in Canada	18455 (87.2)	24644 (81.9)	43099 (84.1)

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Data Access Baseline Data ONLY



Data and Bio specimen Access

- The CLSA was designed as a research study but is funded as a research <u>platform</u>
- Data and biospecimens available to the research community
- Who:
 - Researchers based in academic settings and research institutes in Canada and *elsewhere can apply
 - Graduate students and postdoctoral fellows based at Canadian institutions or trainees studying elsewhere funded by a Canadian agency
- *As yet, biospecimens cannot be released to researchers outside
 Canada



What do you get?

- Alphanumeric data on all 51,338 participants
 - Raw data
- De-identified open text for selected variables
- Technical documentation
- Sampling weights

Data Access Steps

Application process via access@clsa-elcv.ca

- 1. Submit application (pre-set deadlines) Next deadline is June 12, 2017
- 2. Administrative and Statistical Review
- 3. Review by Data and Biospecimen Access Committee
- 4. Notification of applicant
- CLSA Access Agreement preparation and signatures, ethics approval
 - Security, confidentiality and scientific requirements
- 6. Raw data provided to approved applicant

How much does it cost?

- Costing
 - Partial Cost Recovery Model
- Alphanumeric data
 - \$3,000 for a straightforward alphanumeric dataset
 - Graduate student No cost for dataset to be used solely for thesis research
 - Postdoctoral fellow No cost for <u>one</u> dataset to be used solely for the postdoctoral project
- Bio specimen costing
 - In development

www.clsa-elcv.ca



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- Find out how the CLSA platform is being used



- Spring 2016 data release
- DataPreview Portal
- Approved Projects



- Partners & Supporters
- Partnering with the CLSA
- Collaborate and Innovate

Tools for Researchers

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Researchers

Data Access

Data Collection Tools

Below are links to all of the questionnaires used by CLSA since it began data collection in 2011. Among the more than 51,000 participants in the study, data are collected from more than 21,000 people through telephone interviews only, also referred to as the tracking assessment. The remaining 30,000+ participants provide data through in-home interviews and data collection site visits, also referred to as the comprehensive assessment. All participants are also contacted 18 months after each full telephone or in-home interview to maintain contact. During the Baseline phase of data collection, this interview was known as the

Baseline

<u>Telephone interview</u> - (60 minutes, data collected from September 2011 to May 2014)

<u>Telephone interview</u> - (30 minutes, data collected from September 2013 to December 2015)

<u>In-home, face-to-face interview</u> - (90 minutes, data collected from May 2012 to May 2015)

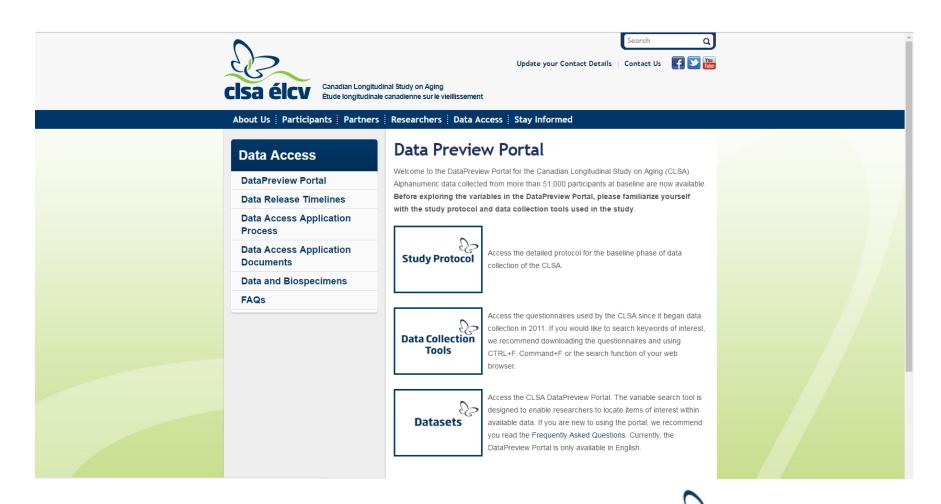
<u>Data Collection Site visit interview</u> - (2.5 hours, May 2012 to May 2015, including

Contraindications, Neuropsychological Battery and Disease Symptoms)

Maintaining Contact Questionnare (MCQ), and included some additional data collection.



Data Preview Portal



Need More Information?





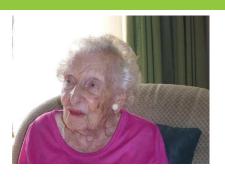
Take Home Messages

- This large cohort was designed, assembled and data collection is ongoing
 - Baseline data and biospecimens have been collected
- Alphanumeric data from questionnaires, physical assessments and basic hematology results on 51,338 participants from across Canada are now available
 - These data are free for student thesis research and for postdoctoral fellow projects





Acknowledgements CLSA Montreal



Data Collection Site

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- Sanjivlall Balgobin
- Jessica Noseworthy
- Mario Polosa
- In home Interviewers
- Amy Striemer
- Yan Romanesky
- Elizabeth Grou

Statistical Analysis Centre

- Dr. Isabel Fortier -(Assoc Director)
- Dr. Istvan Molnar-Szakacs (Data Access Officer)
- Sarah Youssef (Sr. Data Curator)
- Khaled Boulsaien (Data Curator)
- Dr. Geva Maimon (Statistician)
- Jennifer Uniat (Manager, on leave)
- Bin Zhu (PT Statistician)
- Caterina DeLeo (PT Research assistant)
- Philippe Boileau (PT Assistant)
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- Norah Finn (biostatistics intern)

Translation

- Marie-Eve Veilleux (Coordinator)
- Laurie Torres (Assistant)

Administration

Karen Zabowski

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