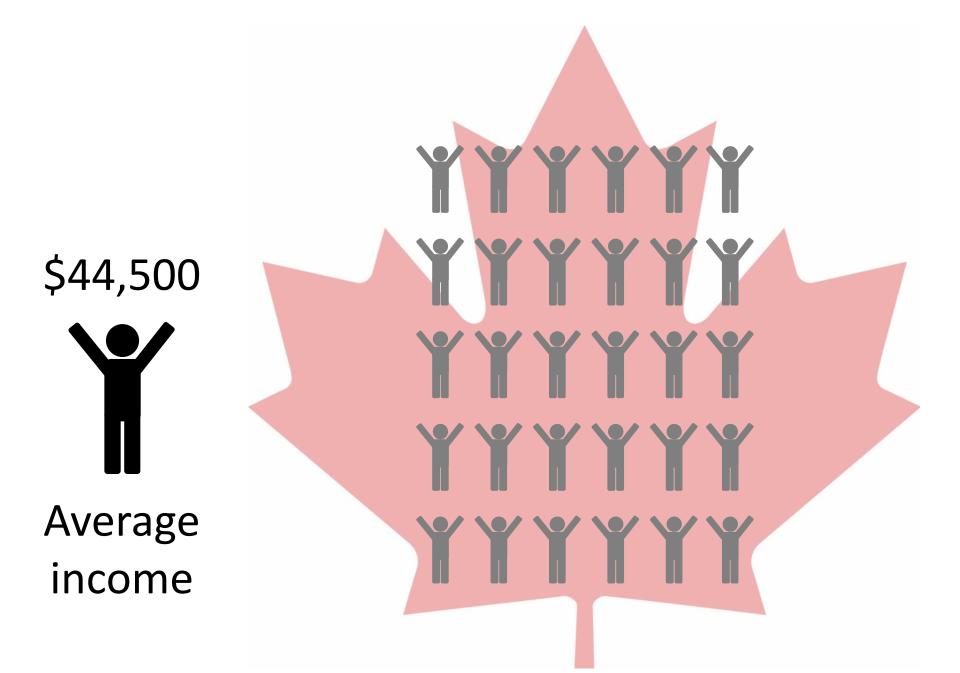
Fair Health for Older Canadians

Yukiko Asada, PhD Dalhousie University

Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA) Participant Day April 28, 2019







Source: Canadian Institute for Health Information. *Trends in income-related health inequalities in Canada* 4





A barometer of successful aging of a society

Which measures of health should we use?

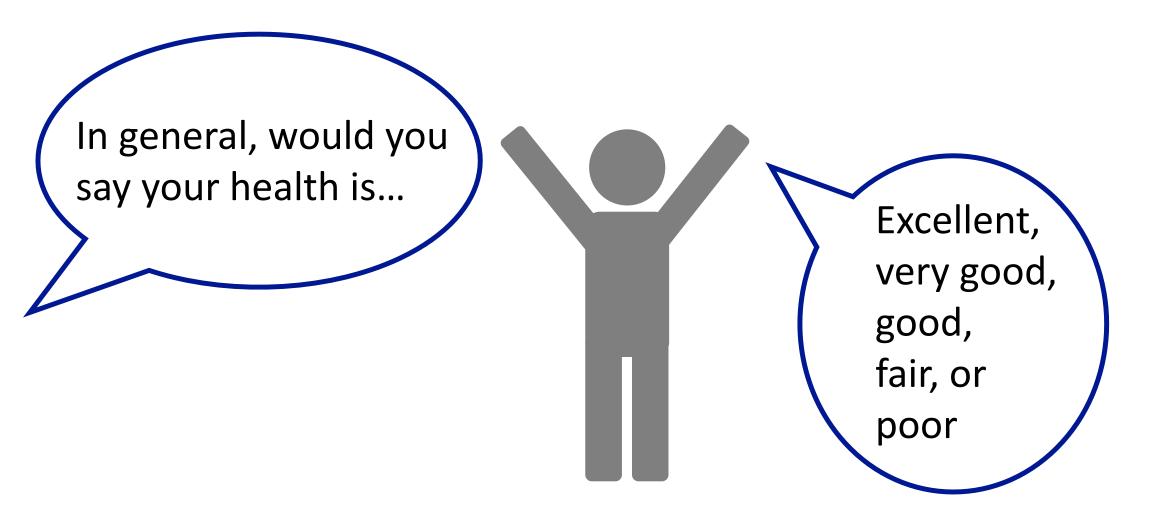
Which measures of health should we use?

- Overall health
- Three candidates

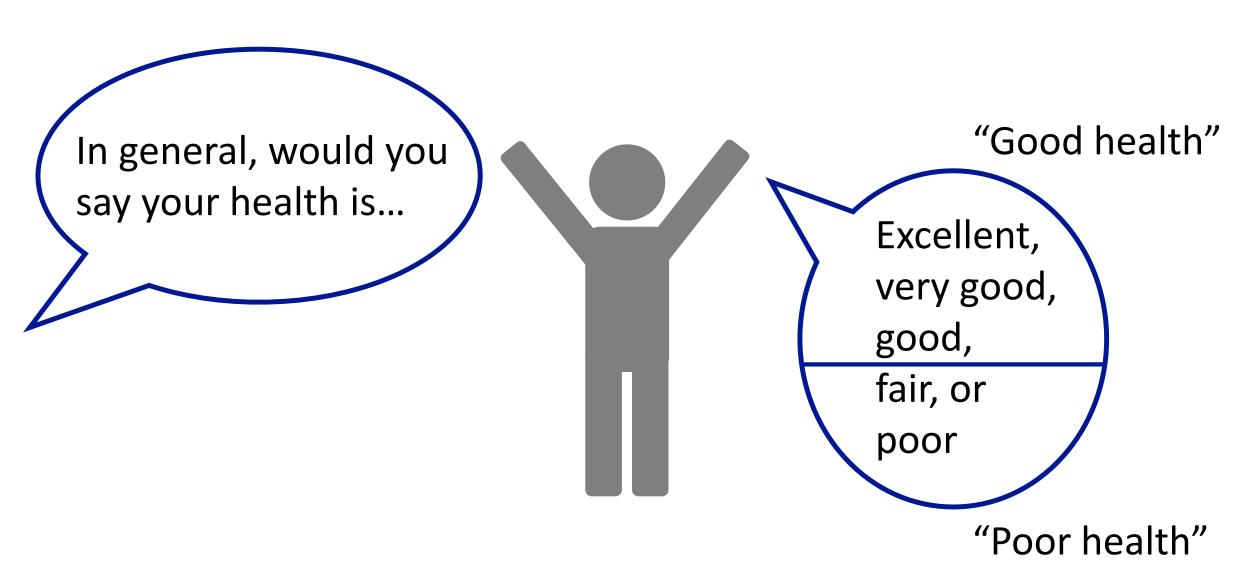
Self-rated health



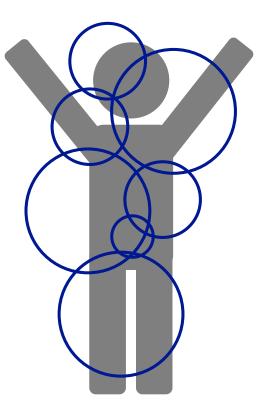
Self-rated health



Self-rated health



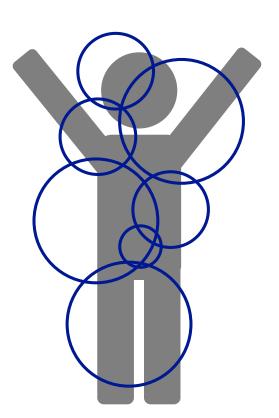
44 aspects of health



44 aspects of health

How many of them are "deficient"?

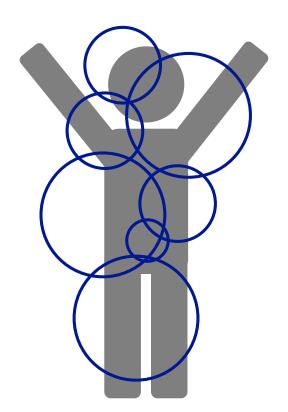
deficient 44 aspects of health



44 aspects of health

How many of them are "deficient"?

deficient 44 aspects of health



Frailty Index "% deficient"

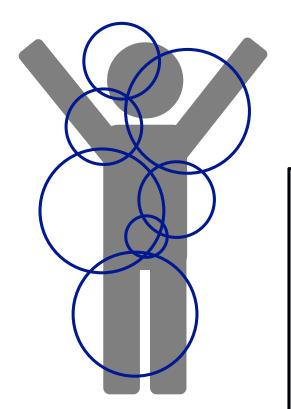
Zero: no deficiency

One: all deficient

44 aspects of health

How many of them are "deficient"?

deficient 44 aspects of health



Frailty Index "% deficient"

Zero: no deficiency

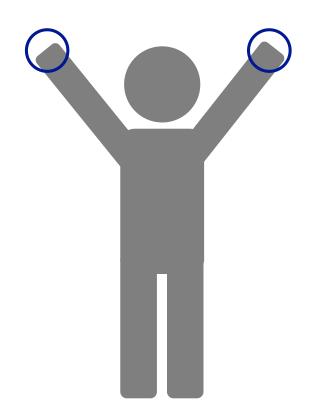
One: all deficient

"Flipped" frailty Index
"% optimal"

Zero: all deficient

One: no deficiency

Grip strength



Grip strength

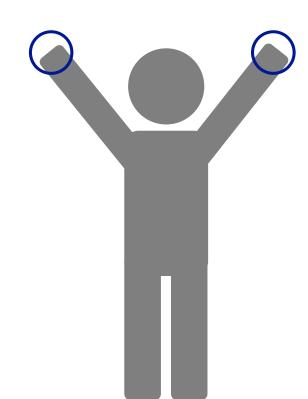
Strong grip strength

Younger

Male
Large body size

Strong grip strength among "peers"

→ Good future health



Grip strength

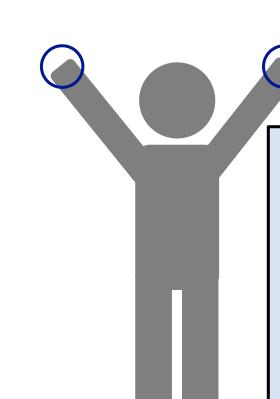
Strong grip strength

Younger

Male
Large body size

Strong grip strength among "peers"

→ Good future health



Grip strength after considering "peers"



"Future health predicting grip strength"

What we found

 Different aspects of health = different stories about health inequality

Compared to people in the lowest household income (less than \$20,000)...



- \$100,000 to \$149,999
- \$50,000 to \$99,999
- \$20,000 to \$49,999

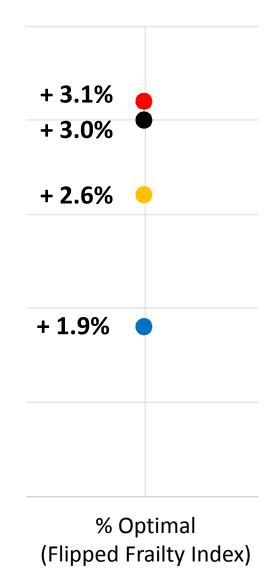


LSA good health

Compared to people in the lowest household income (less than \$20,000)...

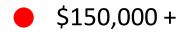


- \$100,000 to \$149,999
- \$50,000 to \$99,999
- \$20,000 to \$49,999

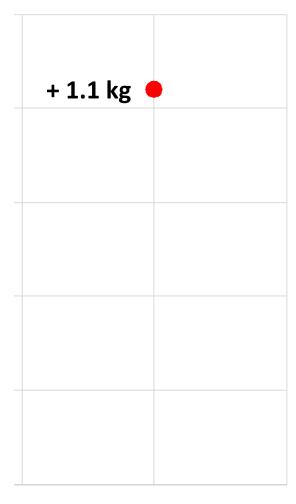


Data source: CLSA Comprehensive baseline

Compared to people in the lowest household income (less than \$20,000)...



- \$100,000 to \$149,999
- \$50,000 to \$99,999
- \$20,000 to \$49,999



Future health predicting grip strength

Which aspect of health should we look at when considering health inequality as a barometer of successful aging of our society?

• The answer depends on the question: What aspect of health do we wish to distribute fairly in our society?



Thank you

- All CLSA participants
- Team members
 - Susan Kirkland and Kathleen MacNabb, Dalhousie University
 - Jeremiah Hurley,
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 Senay Asma,
 McMaster
 University
- Canadian Institutes of Health Research

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